PSYCHOLOGY

***Examination***

***Questions & Answers***



**Economics Department**

***Good Luck…***

**QUESTIONS**

1. Why is psychology referred to as science? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(a) It studies human behavior (b) adopts scientific method to carryout scientific investigation (c) it study mental process

1. Anything an individual engage in that can be readily observed is called? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) act (b) sensation (c) behavior
2. The field of psychology that are interested in the internal mental processes are called \_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) Neuropsychobiology (b) cognitive psychology (c) community psychology
3. Who views man as a rational being who could reason and discover the absolute truth about himself and the universe is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) James Mckeen (b) Plato (c) Erik Erickson
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the author of the book titled “Peri Psyche” (a) Plato (b) Aristotle (c) William James
5. The first Ph.D. in Psychology was awarded in the year \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the United State of America (a) 1878 (b) 1887 (c) 1886
6. The first Professor of Psychology was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) John Dewey (b) Stanley G. Hall (c) James Mckeen Cattel
7. Who was the major proponent of Structuralism \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and functionalism \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) Wilhelm Wundt and William James (b) William James and Plato (c) Wilhelm Wundt and Plato
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ psychology is concerned with how an individual behavior is influenced by group membership, while \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a field of psychology that applies psychological principles and ideas to solve social problems in the community. (a) Community Psychology and Social Psychology (b) Social psychology and Community psychology (c) counseling
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an event or condition which can be measured and which varied quantitatively (a) variable (b) hypotheses (c) research
10. In a research study where the researcher tried to find the effect of in-service training on personnel performance the independent variable is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while the dependent variable is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) producing a change and observing the effects (b) independent and dependent (c) dependent and independent
11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a tentative explanation of an event or relationship (a) variable (b) hypotheses (c) research
12. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ refers man as a biological organism that is subject to the law of nature (a) William (b) Plato (c) Aristotle
13. Psychology is discovered from Greek word (a) Psyche and logs (b) Psyche and logos (c) Psyche and logoes
14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an investigation used when there is a need for information about a large 3group. (a) survey (b) research (c) hypotheses
15. The reflex center for heartbeat and respiration is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) brain Stem (b) brain step (c) brain box
16. Victim of automobile accident who became speechless had damage to which part of the brain? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) Sympathetic nervous system (b) cerebral cortex (c) cerebellum
17. Part of the peripheral nervous system that would be triggered at the sight of a frightening snake is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) parasympathetic (b) autonomic (c) Sympathetic
18. The brain is made up of several individual cell called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) neurons (b) nerves (c) cells
19. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the relay station for all sensory input (a) thalamus (b) hypothalamus (c) right side
20. The four basic parts of a neuron include (a) white blood cell, red blood cell, impulse and vertebral (b) Dendrites, soma, axon and nerve impulse (c) white blood cell, red blood cell, soma and axon
21. The part of the brain that is involved in emotion and basic pattern of behavior is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) right side (b) left side (c) hypothalamus
22. The process of becoming aware of objects in the environment through sense organ is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) eyes (b) sensory (c) perception
23. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the conversion of incoming energy to electro-chemical signals that the nervous system uses for information transmission. (a) transmission (b) transduction (c) detection
24. The taste receptors are called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) taste buds (b) taste burds (c) taste bulds
25. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the ability to separate one event or object from another. (a) auditory sense (b) sense (c) discrimination
26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a misleading or distorted perception (a) distortion (b) illusion (c) perception
27. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the process of becoming aware of event or object without the use of sense organs. (a) Extra sensory perception **(**b) Major sensory perception (c) minor sensory perception
28. The 4 major roles of sensory system in our perception include: (a) Visual Experience, smell, taste and touch (b) detention, transduction, transmission and informative processing (c) eyes, nose, mouth and hand
29. The ability to know another person’s thought is \_\_\_\_ (a) precognition (b) telepathy (c) clairvoyance
30. The ability to perceive event or gain information in ways that appear unaffected by distance or normal barrier is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) precognition (b) telepathy (c) clairvoyance
31. \_\_\_, \_\_\_ , \_\_\_ and \_\_\_ are some of the ways to alter consciousness (a) High fever, Sleeping, dreaming and Psychoactive Drugs (b) Sleeping and dreaming, eating and walking (c) Sleeping, eating ,drinking and dreaming
32. \_\_\_\_\_ is another name for rapid Eye Movement sleep (a) paradoxical sleep (b) sleep disorders (c) REM
33. Sleepwalking and sleeptalking take place during which state of sleep (a) sleep disorders (b) REM (c) NREM
34. The brainwave machine is called \_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) delta waves (b) brain spindles (c) electroencephalograph
35. The brainwaves associated with second stage of sleep is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) delta waves (b) brain spindles (c) electroencephalograph
36. Failure of normal muscle paralysis leading to violent action during REM sleep is \_\_\_\_\_ (a) REM behavior disorder (b) NREM behavior disorder (c) sleeping disorder
37. A developed behavioral pattern of drug abuse is \_\_\_\_\_ (a) tolerance (b) addiction (c) dependency
38. Name the two types of meditations \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) receptive and concentrative (b) conceptive and receptive (c) conception and reception
39. The most widely prescribed drug is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) alcohol (b) benzodiazepine (c) Rohypnol
40. Another name for angel duct is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) phencyclidine (b) marijuana (c) phencyclidine hydrochloride
41. A slow transition to clear consciousness after awakening something associated with irritable or aggressive behavior is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) narcolepsy (b) hypersomnia (c) sleep drunkenness
42. The part of the brain that is responsible for calculating is \_\_\_ (a) left hemisphere (b) right side (c) left side
43. The fields of psychology that relies on scientific methods and experiment to examine behavior is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) neuropsychobiology (b) experimental (c) psychobiology
44. The study of behavior of people in groups is \_\_\_\_ (a) sociology (b) psychology (c) educational psychologist
45. What controls the body \_\_\_\_\_ (a) sense (b) brain (c) cells
46. The presentation of stimulus when desired response from an organism is produced is called \_\_\_\_\_ (a) positive reinforcer (b) nagative reinforcer (c) reinforcer
47. The stimulus that increase or decrease probability of occurrence of the response that being conditioned is called? \_\_\_\_\_ (a) positive reinforcer (b) nagative reinforcer (c) reinforcer
48. Which one is not a strategies for remembering (a) sex (b) sleep (c) summarization
49. The capacity for learning, reasoning and understanding is \_\_\_\_\_ (a) intelligence (b) sense (c) knowledge
50. List 3 types of intelligence (a) conceptive, metal and abstract (b) conceptive, mental and social (c) concrete, social and abstract
51. What is Edward L. Thorndike intelligence theory (a) faculty theory (b) two-factor theory (c) multifactor theory
52. Which of the factors does NOT affect language development (a) sex (b) physical factors (c) eating well
53. Which of these is not a basic units of thought (a) perception (b) language (c) image
54. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is an approach to student that centered learning and allows the students to relate information to their own life and already existing knowledge (a) critical thinking (b) passive thinking (c) active thinking
55. The act of imaginary sensation such as seeing, hearing or smelling things that do not exist in the real world is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) hallucination (b) imagination (c) delusional
56. Which of these is not a domain human development (a) physical (b) cognitive (c) nurture
57. The theory of emotion that assert that environmental experiences give rise to different muscular and visceral responses is the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (a) James – Lange theory (b) Williams B. theory (c) Alfred theory
58. Hiding of emotion is referred to as \_\_\_\_ (a) modulation (b) intention (c) amasking
59. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is an internal state that is directed towards fulfilling a goal (a) planning (b) motivation (c) joy
60. The period that begins at conception and last for 280 days is (a) postnatal (b) prenatal (c) aging
61. A successive periods of human life after birth until death (a) postnatal (b) prenatal (c) aging
62. The sensorimotor stage is between (a) birth – 2 (b) 2 – 7 years (c) 7 – 11years
63. The pre-operational stage (a) birth – 2 (b) 2 – 7 years (c) 7 – 11years
64. The concrete operation stage is between (a) birth – 2 (b) 2 – 7 years (c) 7-11years
65. The brain wave machine is called (a) encelophalograph (b) electrophalogragh (c) electroencephalograph
66. The part of the brain that is involved in emotion and basic pattern of behavior is (a) hypothalamus (b) brain stem (c) thalamus
67. The oral fixation according to Sigmund Freud in his theory of psychosexual development may foster excessive oral behavior like (a) stubbornness (b) stinginess (c) smoking
68. All these are ways of altering consciousness except (a) illusion (b) meditation (c) flirtation
69. A relatively permanent change in behavior resulting from experience is (a) memory (b) learning (c) emotion
70. Painful physical and psychological symptoms that occurred after a drug dependent person stops using the drug is (a) dependency (b) withdrawal symptoms (c) tolerance
71. All these are basic cognitive abilities in language development except (a) intellectual skills (b) cognitive strategies (c) learning strategies
72. One of the basic units of thought includes: (a) perception (b) concept (c) memory
73. The author of the book titled “peri psych” is (a) Aristotle (b) James (c) Socrates
74. Awareness of both internal and external environment is called (a) consciousness (b) transduction (c) sensation
75. All of these are stimulants except (a) caffeine (b) heroine (c) amphetamine
76. Complex mental function of recalling what has been learned or experienced is known as: (a) memory (b) retention (c) leering
77. The law in operant conditioning that stipulates that an organism learns more quickly if it is ready to learn is referred to as: (a) law of readiness (b) law of effect (c) law of intensity
78. Repeated incidents of leaving ones bed ends walking while asleep is a sleep disorder known as: (a) sleep walking disorder (b) sleep aphea (c) hypersomnia
79. The internal state of a person that appears suddenly and is difficult to control like sensation, physiological reaction, thought etc., is referred to as: (a) emotion (b) attitude (c) sensation

**Answers**

***1. B 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. B 6. A 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A 11. B 12. B 13. C 14. B***

***15. A 16. A 17. B 18. B 19. A 20. A 21. B 22. C 23. C 24. B 25. A 26. C 27. B 28. A***

***29. B 30. B 31. C 32. A 33. A 34. C 35. C 36. B 37. A 38. B 39. A 40. B 41.C 42. C***

***43. A 44. B 4`5. A 46. B 47. A 48. A 49. A 50. A 51. C 52. C 53. C 54. A 55. A 56. A***

***57. C 58. A 59. C 60. B 61. B 62. A 63. A 64. B 65. C 66. C 67. A 68. C 79.A 70. B.***

***71. B 72. C 73. B 74. A 75. A 76. B 77. A 78. A 79. A 80. A***